MCQ on Capital Gains for ITO Exam, 2020

Q1] Which of the following conditions are required to be fulfilled for charging of income under capital gains?

A] There must be a capital asset.

B] There must be a transfer of such capital asset.

C] The transfer of such capital asset has been affected during the previous year.

D] All of the above.

Q2]Capital asset does not include

A] Stock in trade

C] Rural Agriculture land in India

B] Personal effects

D] All of these

Q3] Which of the following shall be regarded as capital asset?

- A] Gold Jewellery held by jeweller as stock in trade.
- B] Securities held by FII as per SEBI Act, 1992, held as stock in trade.
- C] Motor car held by motor car manufacturer as stock in trade.
- D] None of above

Q4] Which of the following is regarded as transfer u/s2(47)?

- A] Distribution of capital asset on total or partial partition of a HUF
- B] Conversion of stock in trade into capital asset
- C] Distribution of assets to the shareholders on liquidation of a company
- D] None of the above.

Q5] In the case of a capital asset, being the right to subscribe to any financial asset, which is renounced in favour of any other person, -

- A] The period shall be reckoned from the date of the offer of such right by the company or institution, as the case may be, making such offer.
- B] The period shall be reckoned from the date of the allotment of such right by the company or institution, as the case may be, making such offer.
- C] The period shall be reckoned from the date of the extinguishment of such right by the company or institution, as the case may be, making such offer.
- D] None of these.

Q6] Where any capital asset was on any previous occasion the subject of negotiation for its transfer, any advance or other money received and retained by the assesse shall be -

(i) Deducted from cost of acquisition (ii) Treat

(ii) Treated as income from PGBP

(iii) Treated as income from capital gains (iv) Treated as income from other sources

A] Either (i) or (ii) B] Either (i) or (iii) C] Either (i) or (iv) D] Either (ii) or (iv)

Q7] For claiming deduction of whole of the capital gain u/s 54F, cost of new asset shall be -

- A] Equal to or more than the capital gain B] Equal to or more than net sale consideration
- C] Equal to or more than full value of consideration D] None of the above

Q8] Which of the following asset is eligible for deduction u/s 54EC of the Act?

A] Any capital asset other than residential house B] Any long term capital asset

C] Any capital Asset D] Any long term capital asset being land or building or both

- Q9] Where the consideration received as a result of transfer of a capital asset is not ascertainable then, for the purpose of computing capital gains, the full value of consideration shall be -
- A] FMV of the CA on the date of transferB] Book value of the CA on the date of transfer
- C] Determined only if reference is made to the Valuation Officer D] Taken as nil.

Q10] Benefit of indexation is available in which of the following cases of transfer of long term capital asset?

- A] Transfer of securities by foreign institutional investors u/s 115AD.
- B] Transfer of undertaking or division in a slump sale u/s 50B.
- C] Transfer of foreign exchange asset by a non-resident of Indian u/s 115D.
- D] Transfer of equity or preference shares in a company.

Q11] Benefit of deduction is available if the amount is deposited in capital gain account scheme before

- A]The end of 2 years from the date of transfer of capital asset
- B] The end of A.Y. in which the capital gain arises
- Cl The end of the F.Y. in which CG arises
- D] The due date of furnishing the return of income u/s 139(1)

Q12] As per section 115F, LTCG on transfer of foreign exchange asset by a non-resident Indian assesses is exempt if the assessee makes investments in a specified asset or in any saving certificate within a period of

A] 1 year from the date of transfer
C] 6 months from the date of transfer
D] 3 months from the date of transfer

Q13] If Total Income of an assessee includes STCG as per section 111A, such assesse -

- A] Can avail all deduction under chapter VIA in respect of such STCG
- B] Can avail all deduction u/s 80C in respect of such STCG
- C] Can avail all deduction u/s 80G in respect of such STCG
- D] Cannot avail deduction under chapter VIA in respect of such STCG

Q14] Anassessee has the following capital gains during the P.Y. 2018-19

- (i) Rs.5 lakhs from sale of land held by the assessee for a period of 35 months
- (ii) Rs.3 lakhs from sale of building held by the assessee for a period of 23 months
- (iii) Rs.1 lakh from sale of unlisted shares held by the assessee for a period of 15 months What will be the amount of STCG chargeable to tax during the A.Y. 2019-20?

(A) Rs.9 lakhs (B) Rs.4 lakhs (C) Rs.6 lakhs (D) Rs.8 lakhs

Q15] Cost of acquisition in case of bonus shares allotted before 1-4-2001 will be-

A] Face value on the date of allotment B] FMV as on 1-4-2001

C] Nil D] (A) or (B) whichever is higher

Q16] As per section 47(xb) any transfer by way of conversion of preference shares of a company into of that company shall not be regarded as transfer

A] Bonds B] Debentures C] Equity shares

D] Gold deposit bonds issued under gold deposit scheme 1999

Q17]Which of the fol	_				
A] Paintings collection	-	B] Self –occupied house			
C] Gold and Diamond	Jewellery	D] Furn	iture at house		
Q18] As per fourth arising from the trana unit of an equity or A] 1st April 2017	nsfer of long term ca riented fund or a uni	pital asset, bein it of business tru	g an equity share	in a company or er the	
Q19] With effect from property, being land more than month A] 36	or building or both	h means a capita	al asset held by ar its transfer		
11] 50	D] 24	Cj 12	D] Noi	ne of the above	
Q20] Slump sale is a	result of which of th	e following type	of consideration?		
A] Lump sum payment		B] Ad-h	B] Ad-hoc payment		
C] Accurate payment		D] Actu	ial payment		
ii] New residential ho iii] On the date of residential house, oth A] (i) & (ii) only	transfer of origina ner than the new asso	l asset, assessee et.		more than one	
Q22] Land of Mr.Ka 30 th March 2017. H April, 2001 was Rs. April 2018. In which A] Not taxable	e had purchased the 10,00,000/ The co	e land in 1995-9 ompensation of	06 for Rs.2,00,000/- Rs. 48,00,000was	FMV as on 1st	
Q23] Find out the tax					
A] Rs.48,00,000/-	B] Rs.46,00,000/	- C] Rs.20,00,0	000/- D] Rs.42,40.	,000	
Q24]On appeal by MRs.57,00,000 by or compensation on 11 charges. The enhance A] Not taxable	der dated 10 th Fo 1 th April, 2020. Ho	ebruary, 2020 owever, he had	and he received spent Rs.2,00,00	l the enhanced 0 towards legal	
Q25]Find out the tax A] Rs.9,00,000/-	table capital gains in B] Rs.7,00,000/-	_	tion – i.e. Q. No.24 0/- D] Rs.27,00		
Q26] Which of the for A] Sale, exchange or rC] Compulsory acquis	relinquishment of the	asset]	of transfer u/s 2(47) B] Extinguishment of D] All of the above		

Q27]Which of the f o	ollowing is not a capital ass B] Gold deposit bonds	et? C] Painting	D] Sculpture			
Q28] Rural area means any area which is outside km from the local limits of the jurisdiction of a municipality or a cantonment board, if the population of municipality or cantonment board is more than 1,00,000 but less than 10,00,000. A] 2 B] 4 C] 6 D] 8						
Q29]Which of the following transactions is/are shall be regarded as transfer u/s 2(47)? (i) Conversion of CA into SIT (ii) Transfer of CA in a scheme of amalgamation (iii) Distribution of partial partition of HUF A] (i) & (ii) only B] (i) & (iii) only C] (i) only D] All (i), (ii) & (iii)						
Q30] Income from transfer of self-generated goodwill of business / profession is A] Not chargeable to tax under the head capital gains B] Chargeable to tax gains as STCG						
Q31] Anassessee owns two machineries eligible for depreciation @15%. WDV of the block of asset as on 01.04.2018 was Rs.1,00,000/ No other asset was acquired in this block during the year. Both the machines were sold during the previous year for Rs.90,000/ Compute capital gain / WDV after depreciation, if any. A] Short term capital gain of Rs.10,000 B] No depreciation & Closing WDV: Rs.10,000 C] Short term capital loss of Rs.10,000D] Closing WDV: Rs.8,500 after deprecation of Rs.1,500						
Q32] Ms.G received advance of Rs.1,00,000/- on the occasion of agreement of sale of her house on 15.07.2018. The same was forfeited by her. What is the tax treatment in this case? A] Taxed as income from other sources and deducted from the cost of asset B] Taxed as income from other sources but not to be deducted from the cost of asset C] Taxed as income from capital gains and deducted from the cost of asset B] Taxed as income from capital gain but not to be deducted from the cost of asset						
Q33] For the purpose of deduction u/s 54GB, eligible company must be engaged in A] Production or manufacture of article or thing B] Trading of article or thing C] Processing of any article or thing D] Provision of services						
Q34] For the purpose of deduction u/s 54GB, the assessee must own more than of share capital or more than of voting rights in the eligible company						
A] 50% & 75% B] 75% & 50% C] 50% & 50% D] 75% & 75% Q35] Zero Coupon bonds of Eligible Corporation, held for more than 12 months, will be A] Short term capital assets C] Long term capital assets if held for 36 months or more D] Not a capital assets						
Q36] Long term cap A] 20% after indexat C] Higher of A or B	ion B] 1	B] 10% without indexation D] Lower of A or B				

Q37] Aplot of land was acquired by an HUF on 14.02,2010. On complete partition of HUF on 31.03.2018, the said land became the property of one of the members of HUF. He sold the land on 07.02.2019. Which statement is correct in relation to such capital asset?

- A] It shall be short term capital asset in the hands of the member
- B] It shall be long term capital asset in the hands of the member
- C] It shall not be capital asset in the hands of the member
- D] Distribution of asset by HUF to member shall be treated as transfer of capital asset

Q38|Which of the following statement(s) is / are correct?

- (i) Section 50C is applicable for long term capital assets only
- (ii) The value of CA determined by the stamp valuation authority is final
- (iii) The AO has the discretion to determine the value of CA taking into account the facts and circumstances for valuation of the CA.
- Al (i) and (ii) only
- Bl (ii) only
- Cl (iii) only D None of them is correct

Q39] Short-term capital gains arising from the transfer of equity shares in a company or units of an equity oriented fund or units of a business trust charged with security transaction tax are subject to income-tax at the rate of -

- A] 10%
- B1 15%
- Cl 20%
- D] Normal rate

O40]STCG on sale of units of debt oriented fund is chargeable to tax at the rate of

Al 10%

B1 15%

Cl 20%

D] Normal rate

Q41]Capital gain on Slump sale is

- Al Not taxable
- B] Always short-term capital gain C] Always long-term capital gain
- D] Depends on period of period of holding of capital asset, being undertaking, transferred

Q42]Interest on delayed compensation or enhanced compensation is taxable:

- A] On accrual basis B] On receipt basis C] Exempt from tax
- D] As per method of accounting of the assessee.

Q43] Which of the following is regarded as transfer?

- (i) Any transfer of a capital asset by a firm to a company as a result of succession of the firm by a company in the business carried on by the firm
- (ii) Transfer of share(s) held in the company by a shareholder as a result of conversion of the com-pany into a limited liability partnership (LLP)
- (iii) Any transfer of a capital asset in a transaction of reverse mortgage under a scheme made and notified by the Central Government.

A] (i) & (ii) only

B] (i) & (iii) only

- C] (ii) & (iii) only D] None of them is transfer

Q44] CG is chargeable to tax in the year in which capital asset is transferred in the case of

- A] Compulsory acquisition of CA where compensation is received in any subsequent year
- B] Transfer of equity shares of a company
- C] Transfer of capital asset by a partner to his/her firm by way of capital contribution
- D] In case of damages, compensation received from insurer

Q45] Capital gain of Rs.60 lakh arises to an assessee on transfer of capital asset on 30.11.2018. Assessee invested an amount of Rs.80 lakh in the bonds of NHAI on 30.04.2019. The amount of deduction u/s 54EC is

A] Rs.60 lakh B] 80 lakh C] No exemption as investment made in next FYD] Rs.50 lakhs

Q46] The transfer in relation to a capital asset does not include

- A] Maturity or redemption of zero coupon bonds B] Compulsory acquisition of asset
- C] Conversion of stock in trade into capital asset
- D] Distribution of capital assets to partners on dissolution of firm

Q47] The sale consideration of a building as per sale deed was Rs.30 lakh as against the stamp duty value of Rs.36 lakh. On a reference, DVO estimated the FMV of the building at Rs.40 lakh. What will be the full of value of consideration for computing capital gains?

- A] Rs.40 lakhs
- B] Rs.36 lakhs
- C] Rs.30 lakhs
- D] Sale consideration will be estimated by the AO.

Q48] Mr. D sold his painting to National Museum for Rs.2,00,000/- on 9th August, 2018. What will be the amount of capital gain on this transaction?

- A] Rs.2,00,000/-
- B] Rs.1,00,000/-
- C] Nil (Not transfer)
- D1 Rs.1,50,000/-

Q49]In which of the following cases, benefit of indexations is / are not available?

- (i) Transfer of an undertaking or division in a slump sale
- (ii) In case of a non-resident, capital gain arising on the transfer of shares in or debentures of an Indian company acquired in foreign currency.
- (iii) Equity shares and equity oriented fund referred to in sec. 112A
- A] (i) & (ii) only
- B] (ii) & (iii) only
- C] (i) & (iii) only
- D] All (i), (ii) & (iii)

Q50] Cost of acquisition of capital asset being immovable property acquired through gift covered u/s 49(4) is:

- A] Actual cost of acquisition to the previous owner B] Nil
- C] Stamp duty value of the property as considered while computing income u/s 56(2)
- D] Actual cost of acquisition to the assesse, if any.